

Using EHRs to Advance Research in Community Health Centers



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The Institute for Family Health



Manhattan



Bronx



Mid-Hudson Valley

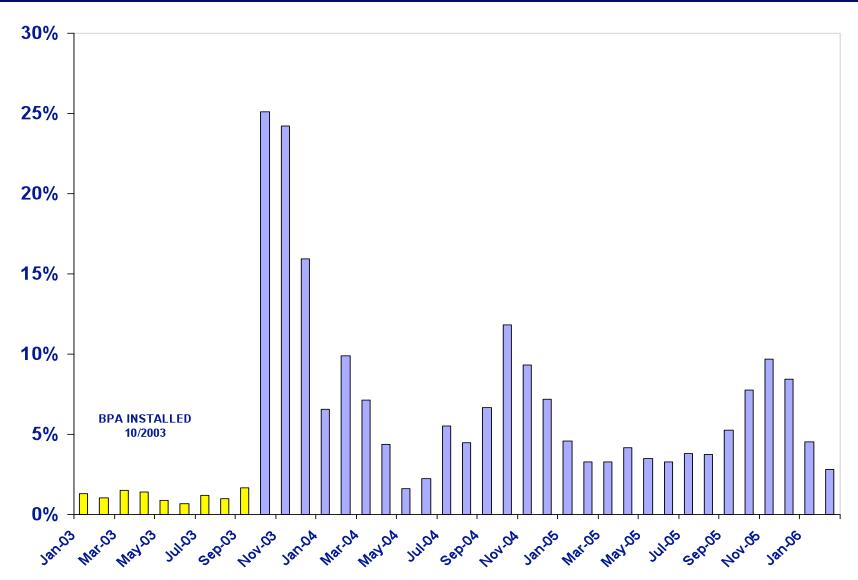


EHRs implemented in 2002





Pneumovax for those 65+





EHRs contain complex patient data

- Race / Age / Gender
- Diagnoses
- Procedures
- Medications
- Lab results
- Medical history
- Visit history



EHR Meaningful Use and Research have the Same Goals

- Improve Quality, Safety, Efficiency of Care
- Reduce Health Disparities
- Increase Engagement of Patients and Families
- Improve Care Coordination
- Improve Population and Public Health
- Ensure Privacy and Security Protections of Personal Health Information



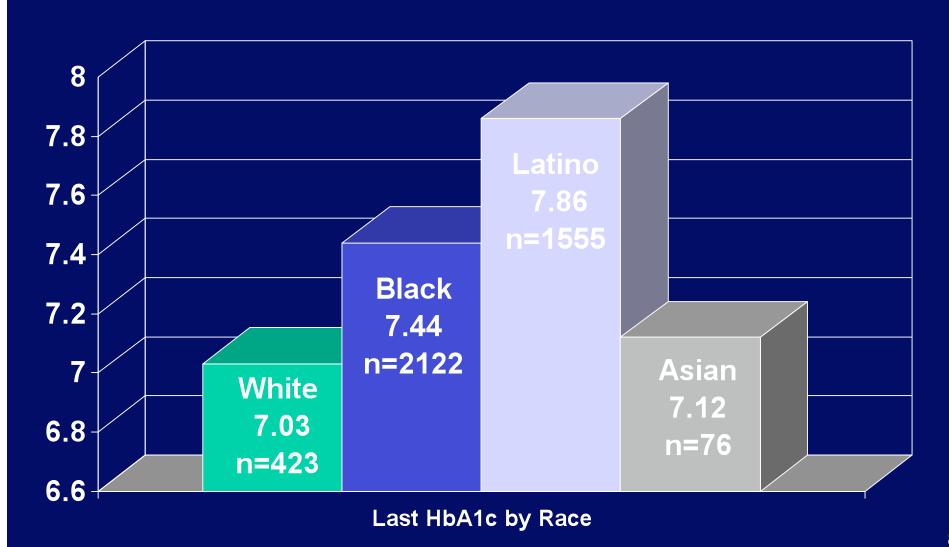
Diabetes Research:



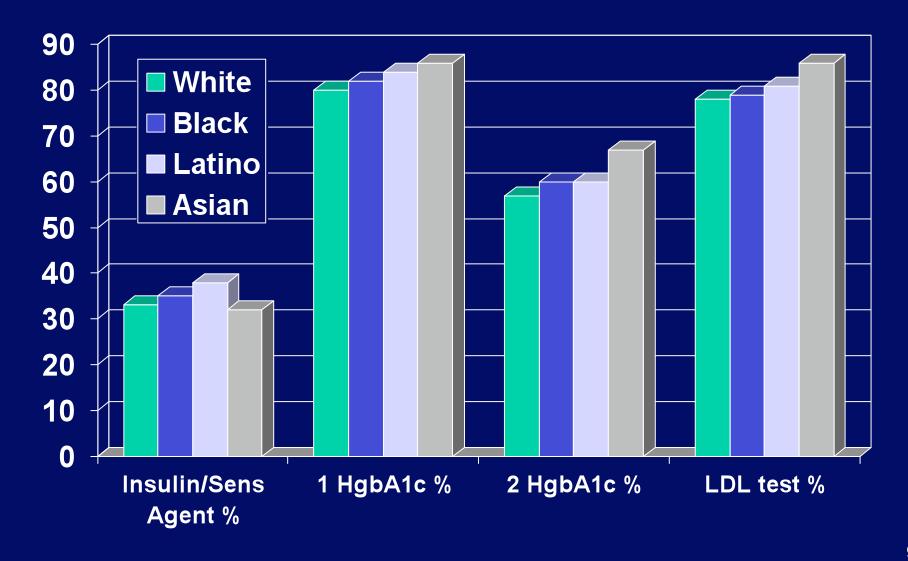
A Case Study



What's Wrong with this Picture?









Using Electronic Health Records to Improve Quality and Reduce Disparities in Diabetes Care

The Commonwealth Fund
New York University
Advisory Committee

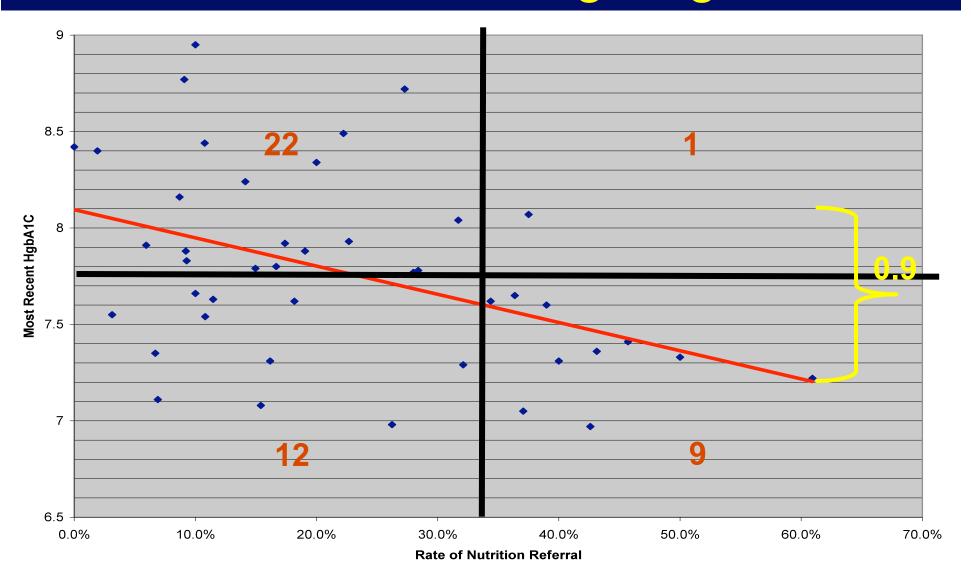


Reductions in HbA1c with Treatment by Race/Language





Provider Nutritionist Referral Rate vs. Pts Average HgBA1c





Key Findings

- Black and Hispanic patients have higher initial HbA1c tests
- Black and Hispanic patients' HbA1c levels decrease at a slower rate than the levels of white patients
- No significant differences in provider performance with patients of different races/ethnicities
 - Likelihood of Hba1c testing
 - Time to first HbA1c
 - Visits
 - Medication
 - Nutrition referrals
- Higher visit frequency and receiving a nutritionist referral are associated with faster rates of decline in HbA1c levels, controlling for initial HbA1c level and other covariates



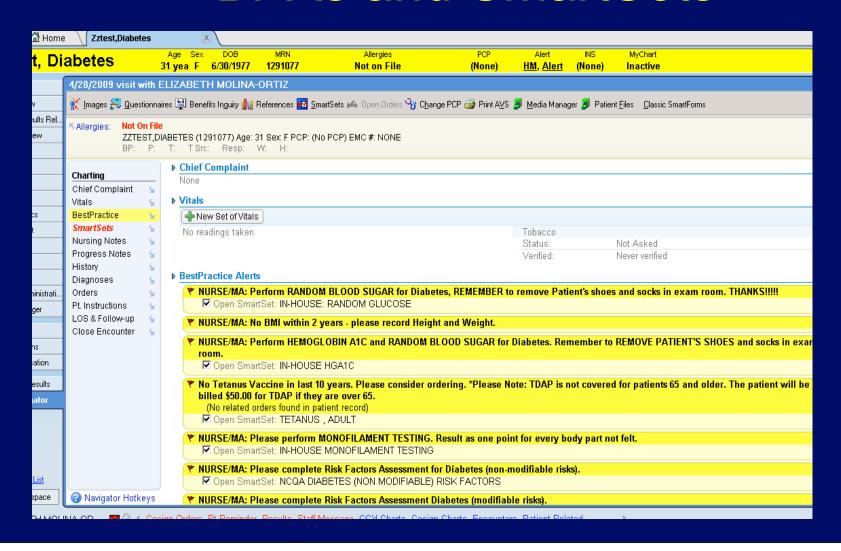
Diabetes Intervention

Patients with HbA1c values >9 receive "affirmative action" care

- Monthly visits
- On-site HbA1c testing
- CDE visits
- Group visits



During the Visit: BPAs and SmartSets





Outside the Visit: Diabetes Registry

HBAIC_LAST_VALUE	HBAIC_LAST_DATE	HBAIC_AVG_12MOS	LDL_LAST_VALUE	LDL_LAST_DATE <	> CDL_AVG_12MOS		BP_SYSTOLIC_LAST ×	BP_DIASTOLIC_LAST	BP_LAST_DATE	BP_SYSTOLIC_AVG_12MOS	BP_DIASTOLIC_AVG_12MOS
6	.5 3/24/2009	6.5					180	98	3/24/2009	161.6	
	8 3/15/2008		114	3/17/2008			132	85	4/5/2008	132	
	.4 8/16/2006		50	8/16/2006			124	76	4/7/2008	124	
	.2 2/19/2008		59	1/29/2008			140	94	4/7/2008	140	
	.9 3/26/2004		140	010710000			130	70	9/17/2008	130	
	.3 3/27/2008 .8 4/8/2008	5.8	148 151	3/27/2008		151	118 124	76 80	4/7/2008	118	76 80
9	.8 4/8/2008	5.6	191	4/8/2008		191	118	88	4/7/2008 12/1/2008	124 119	83
. 5	.5 11/10/2008	5.5					106	58	1/28/2009	98.8	
	.8 11/30/2007	5.5	87	11/30/2007			115	80	4/10/2008	115	
	.3 4/11/2008	6.3	124	4/11/2008		124	110	74	4/10/2008	110	
	.9 2/5/2008	0.0	84	2/5/2008		IL T	124	70	4/10/2008	124	
	.5 4/3/2008	8.5	108	4/3/2008		108	135	72	4/11/2008	135	
r 8	S TATZUUO										



IFH Stats

log out more reports

Dr. ZZtest

Report Date: 03/28/2009
Where is the 'Download' option?

Summary

PROVIDER	PANEL	A1C < 7%	A1C > 9%	BP < 130/80	BP >= 140/90	LDL < 100	LDL >= 130	EYE EXAM	NEPHRO	NEURO	NON- SMOKE	TOTAL
Goals (75pt Needed)		>40 % (10pt)	<=15% (15pt)	>25% (10pt)	<=35% (15pt)	>36% (10pt)	<=37% (10pt)	>60% (10pt)	>80% (5pt)	>80% (5pt)	>80% (10pt)	100pt
INSTITUTE	4282	46%	<u>19%</u>	37%	30%	49%	21%	<u>8%</u>	<u>60%</u>	24%	<u>75%</u>	<u>55</u>
EAST 13TH ST. FAMILY HLTH	78	48%	<u>16%</u>	42%	23%	58%	17%	23%	<u>62%</u>	23%	82%	<u>65</u>
DR. ZZTEST	46	51%	14%	50%	20%	70%	11%	28%	<u>67%</u>	<u>15%</u>	85%	80



Identify Disparities

Patient Ethnicity Groups												
ETHNICITY	PANEL	A1C < 7%	AlC > 9%	BP < 130/80	BP >= 140/90	LDL < 100	LDL >= 130	EYE EXAM	NEPHRO	INEHRO	NON- SMOKE	TOTAL
Goals (75pt Needed) - -		>40 % (10pt)	<=15% (15pt)	>25% (10pt)	<=35% (15pt)	>36% (10pt)	<=37% (10pt)	>60% (10pt)	>80% (5pt)	>80% (5pt)	>80% (10pt)	100pt
ASIAN	4	50%	0%	<u>0%</u>	<u>75%</u>	75%	25%	75%	<u>25%</u>	100%	100%	<u>70</u>
BLACK	78	<u>39%</u>	22%	37%	35%	42%	13%	<u>15%</u>	<u>55%</u>	<u>51%</u>	<u>77%</u>	<u>45</u>
HISPANIC	37	<u>36%</u>	33%	30%	27%	38%	25%	<u>5%</u>	<u>43%</u>	<u>51%</u>	83%	<u>55</u>
MULTI-RACIAL	2	100%	0%	100%	0%	<u>0%</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>0%</u>	100%	<u>60</u>
NATIVE AMERICAN	1	<u>0%</u>	100%	100%	0%			<u>0%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>0%</u>	100%	<u>35</u>
WHITE	7	<u>17%</u>	<u>17%</u>	29%	29%	<u>33%</u>	17%	<u>14%</u>	<u>43%</u>	<u>14%</u>	<u>57%</u>	<u>35</u>
OTHER	8	<u>38%</u>	0%	50%	25%	38%	25%	<u>13%</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>50%</u>	100%	<u>70</u>



Progress

Westchester increased rate of A1c<7% by 10%

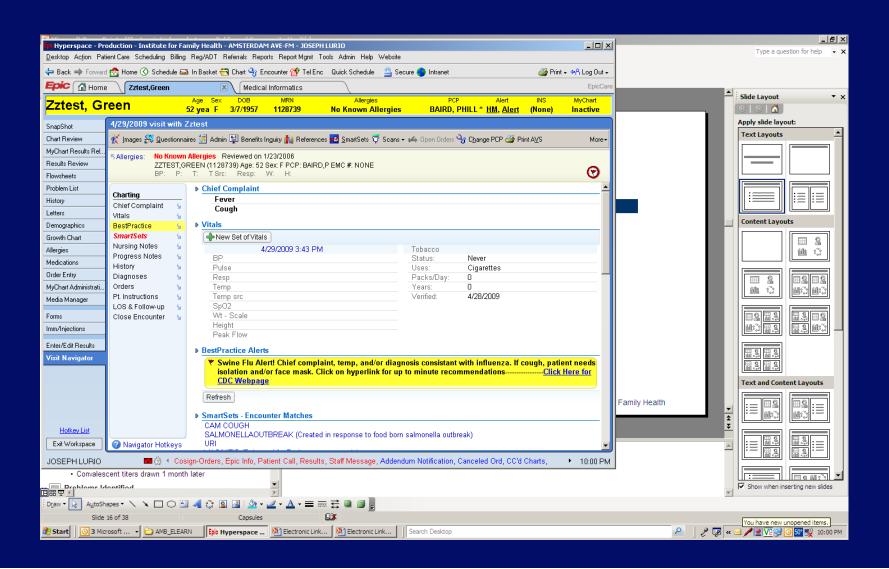
Amsterdam decreased rate of A1c >9% by 11%

Mt Hope increased ophthalmology consults rates by 7%

Sidney Hillman increased neuropathy screening rate by 21%



Effect of Electronic Health Alerts on Communicable Disease Outbreaks





Just getting underway

 Can BPAs decrease inappropriate prescribing for elderly patients?

 Can BPAs for potentially teratogenic medications increase documentation of contraceptive counseling in women of reproductive age?



How do CHCs get involved in research?







Research Infrastructure

- Research Committee
- Institutional Review Board
- Practice-Based Research Network
- Partnerships
- Grant Support





Research Dissemination

- Bennett IM, Coco A, Anderson J, Horst M, Gambler AS, **Barr WB**, Ratcliffe S. Improving maternal care with a continuous quality improvement strategy: a report from the Interventions to Minimize Preterm and Low Birth Weight Infants through Continuous Improvement Techniques (Implicit). *Journal of the American Board of Family Medicine*. 2009 July-August;22(4):380-6.
- Hripcsak G, Soulakis ND, Li L, Morrison FP, Lai A, Friedman C, Calman NS, Mostashari F.
 Syndromic surveillance using ambulatory electronic health records. *Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association*. 2009 May-June;16(3):354-61. Epub 2009 March 4.
- Sengupta S, Calman NS, Hripcsak G. A model for expanded public health reporting in the context of HIPAA. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association. 2008;15:569-574.
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Thank You!