

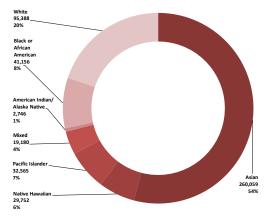
An Analysis of AAPCHO Health Centers: UDS 2015

Since 1987, the Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations (AAPCHO), a national, not-for-profit organization has represented health centers that provide quality, comprehensive health services that are financially affordable, linguistically accessible and culturally appropriate for Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians, and Pacific Islanders (AA&NHPIs). AAPCHO's community-based organizations promote advocacy, collaboration, and leadership that improve the health status and access for medically underserved AA&NHPIs. AAPCHO member health centers provide services that are uniquely appropriate to their patient populations, including:

- Culturally and linguistically appropriate health care services
- Comprehensive primary medical care including internal medicine, prenatal care, pediatric, nutrition, nursing, pharmaceuticals, optometry, dentistry, and Enabling Services (ES)
- Services in over 15 languages and dialects including Cantonese, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Korean, Mandarin, Samoan, Tagalog and Vietnamese

AAPCHO MEMBER DEMOGRAPHICS

In 2015, AAPCHO served nearly half a million patients at 29 federally qualified health centers. AA&NHPI patients accounted for 68% of those served.



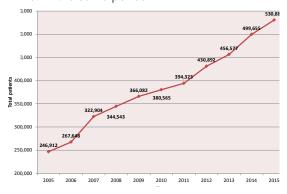
*AAPCHO has 12.5% Latino patients (% known for ethnicity)

AAPCHO FQHCS, 2005 - 2015

AAPCHO's membership includes federally qualified health centers (FQHCs) and other community health organizations. This fact sheet examines only FQHCs who report data to the Bureau of Primary Health Care Uniform Data Systems (UDS). AAPCHO currently serves 29 FQHCs, up from 16 in 2005.

TOTAL AAPCHO PATIENTS, 2005 - 2015

The total number of patients served increased 115% between 2005 and 2015. AAPCHO's average number of patients per site increased 19% in the same period.



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TERMINOLOGY

ASIAN

Refers to people having origins in any of the origina peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, and Indian subcontinent.

PACIFIC ISLANDER

Refers to people having origins in any of the original peoples of Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands

NATIVE HAWAIIANS

Refers to people with native origins in the origina

MORE INFORMATION

For more information, please contact research@aapcho.org

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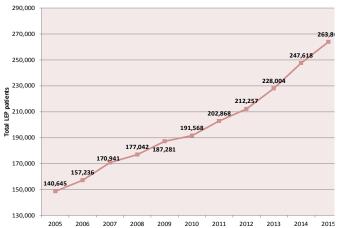
AVERAGE AAPCHO AA&NHPI PATIENTS 2005 - 2015

The average number of AA&NHPI patients served at each



LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT (LEP) PATIENTS, 2005 - 2015

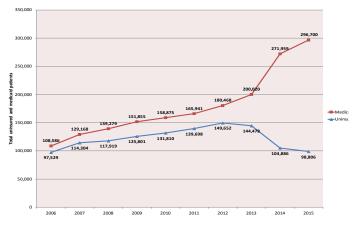
In 2015, 52% AAPCHO member FQHC patients were best served in a language other than English. For some AAPCHO members, LEP patients represented up to 100% of their patient populations. The number of LEP patients served increased 78% between 2005 and 2015.*





PATIENT INSURANCE STATUS: UNINSURED AND MEDICAID, 2006 - 2015

The number of uninsured AAPCHO member FQHC patients stayed almost the same while patients on Medicaid increased 173% from 2006 to 2015, likely due to ACA implementation. In 2015, 19% of AAPCHO member FQHC patients were uninsured and 56% had Medicaid. For some AAPCHO members, uninsured patients represented up to 100% of their patient populations, and about three quarters of AAPCHO members had at least 50% of their patient population on Medicaid.



DEMOGRAPHICS FOR 2015

AAPCHO's FQHC members are located across the country in 12 states and one freely associated state. They serve a unique subset of our nation's population.

- · 530,886 total patients served
- 80% racial/ethnic minorities, including 160,059 (54%) Asians, 29,752 (6%) Native Hawaiians, and 32,565 (7%) other Pacific Islanders
- 50% patients best served in a language other than English (247,618)*
- 88% patients with incomes at or below 200% Federal Poverty Level (334,515)
- 19% uninsured patients (98,806)

- 54% Medicaid patients (296,700)
- Some FQHCs serve as high as 20% homeless patients

HOW AAPCHO CENTERS COMPARE NATIONALLY

Compared to the average health center, AAPCHO FQHCs serve a significantly higher proportion of:

- Patients best served in a language other than English (52% vs. 23%)
- Medicaid patients (56% vs. 46%)
- Geriatric patients (11% vs. 8%)
- Patients with HbA1c<=9 (74% vs. 70%)
- Cervical cancer screening rate (62.3% vs. 56.0%)

AAPCHO FQHCs also provide more than twice the national average number of enabling service encounters (10,642 vs. 4,825) that facilitate access to care and accounts for their high quality care. At the same time, AAPCHO FQHCs provide 116 more enabling services encounters (423 vs. 307) and 83 more enabling services patients (210 vs. 127) per FTE than the national average.

DISAGGREGATED DATA

AAPCHO health centers strongly advocate for and collect disaggregated AA&NHPI data. Unfortunately this data is not provided in the UDS, and thus is not included in this report.

Source for all data: BPHC UDS 2005 - 2015