

# An Analysis of AAPCHO Community Health Centers: UDS 2013

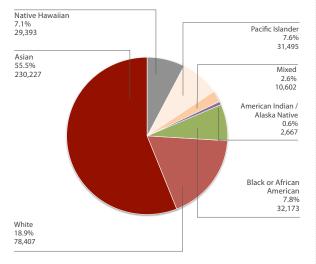
Since 1987, the Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations (AAPCHO), a national, not-for-profit organization has represented community health centers (CHCs) that provide quality, comprehensive health services that are financially affordable, linguistically accessible and culturally appropriate for Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders (AA&NHOPIs). AAPCHO's 35 community-based organizations promote advocacy, collaboration, and leadership that improve the health status and access for medically underserved AA&NHOPIs. AAPCHO member CHCs provide services that are uniquely appropriate to their patient populations, including:

- Culturally and linguistically appropriate health care services
- Comprehensive primary medical care including internal medicine, prenatal care, pediatric, nutrition, nursing, pharmaceuticals, optometry, dentistry, and Enabling Services (ES)
- Services in numerous languages and dialects including Cantonese, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Korean, Mandarin, Samoan, Tagalog and Vietnamese



#### AAPCHO MEMBER DEMOGRAPHICS

In 2013, AAPCHO served over 450,000 patients at federally qualified health centers. AA&NHOPI patients accounted for 70% of those served.



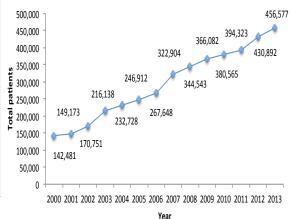
\*AAPCHO has 10.1% Latino patients (% known for ethnicity)

#### **AAPCHO FQHCS, 2000 - 2013**

AAPCHO's membership includes federally qualified health centers (FQHCs) and other community health organizations. This fact sheet examines only FQHCs who report data to the Bureau of Primary Health Care Uniform Data Systems (UDS). AAPCHO currently serves 24 FQHCs, up from 12 in 2000.

#### TOTAL AAPCHO PATIENTS, 2000 - 2013

The total number of patients served increased 220% between 2000 and 2013. AAPCHO's average number of patients per site increased 60% in the same period.



#### TERMINOLOGY

#### ASIAN

origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, and Indian subcontinent.

#### PACIFIC ISLANDER

Refers to people having origins in any of the origina peoples of Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands

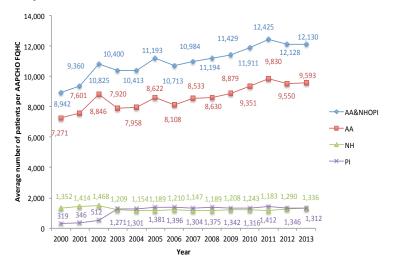
NATIVE HAWAIIANS
Refers to people with native origins in the original peoples of Hawaii.

#### ORE INFORMATION

For more information, please contact research@aapcho.org

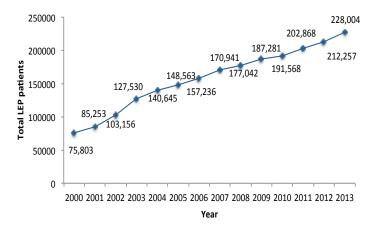
#### AVERAGE AAPCHO AA&NHOPI PATIENTS

The average number of AA&NHOPI patients served at each FQHC increased 36% between 2000 and 2013.



## LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT (LEP) PATIENTS, 2000 - 2013

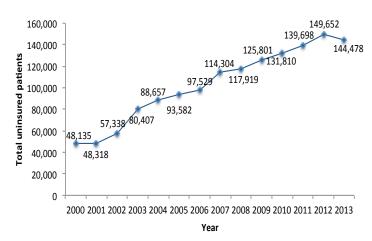
In 2013, half of AAPCHO member FQHC patients were best served in a language other than English. For some AAPCHO members, LEP patients represented up to 99% of their patient populations. The number of LEP patients served increased 201% between 2000 and 2013.





#### UNINSURED PATIENTS, 2000 - 2013

The number of uninsured AAPCHO member FQHC patients increased 200% between 2000 and 2013. In 2013, 32% of AAPCHO member FQHC patients were uninsured. For some AAPCHO members, uninsured patients represented nearly 100% of their patient populations.



#### **DEMOGRAPHICS FOR 2013**

AAPCHO's members are located across the country in 14 states and one freely associated state. Our 24 members serve a unique subset of our nation's population.

- 456,577 total patients served
- 81% racial/ethnic minorities, including 230,227 (56%) Asians, 29,393 (7%) Native Hawaiians, and 31,495 (8%) other Pacific Islanders
- 50% patients best served in a language other than English (228,004)
- 89% patients with incomes at or below 200% Federal Poverty Level (334,149)

- 32% uninsured patients (144,478)
- 44% Medicaid patients (200,020)
- Some FQHCs serve as high as 38% homeless patients

### HOW AAPCHO CENTERS COMPARE NATIONALLY

Compared to the average health center, AAPCHO FQHCs serve a significantly higher proportion of:

- Patients best served in a language other than English (50% vs. 23%)
- Medicaid patients (44% vs. 41%)
- Geriatric patients (10% vs. 7%)
- Patients with controlled blood pres-

sure (68% vs. 64%)

 Patients with controlled diabetes (74% vs. 69%)

AAPCHO also has a higher average number of enabling services encounters (9,274 vs. 4,953).

#### DISAGGREGATED DATA

AAPCHO CHCs strongly advocate for and collect disaggregated AA&NHOPI data. Unfortunately this data is not provided in the UDS, and thus is not included in this report.

Source for all data: BPHC UDS 2000 - 2013